



HNHB LHIN

Behavioural Supports Ontario

Transitional Lead Program Update

St. Joseph's Villa LTC Home

June 27, 2017



Objectives

- Describe who are the Transitional Leads
- Who do they serve?
- Describe BSO LTC Transitional Lead (TACT model)
- How can they work best with community partners?
- Q & A, Open Discussion



Transitional Lead Positions

- Positions that support clients in community waiting for LTC placement with cognitive impairment and high risk responsive behaviours
- Regulated Health Professionals, 6 FTE total for LHIN
- Expertise, training, and skills in complex geriatric patient populations, comprehensive behavioural assessment and care planning, as well as teaching and leadership skills
- LHIN distribution:
 - 2 Niagara
 - 2 Hamilton
 - 1 Brant Haldimand Norfolk
 - 1 Burlington
- Will help fill a gap for clients awaiting crisis in community and help LTCHs better prepare and plan for admission of resident



Target Client Population Transitional Leads Will Serve

- Crisis Priority Ranking Score ≥ 3 (scoring for LTC admission)
- Category 1 in LTC placement (*estimate over 400 clients at any one time*)
- Target clients for this type of support will be considered based on: Physical & Verbal Behaviours, Socially Inappropriate, Diagnosis, Age, Substance Abuse, Social/Occupational History
- Referrals will be initiated by CCAC LTC Placement Coordinators but can be initiated by others



Who Leads the Transition into LTC?

High Risk transition:

- Physically RBs
- Verbally RBs
- Socially inappropriate

Other considerations:

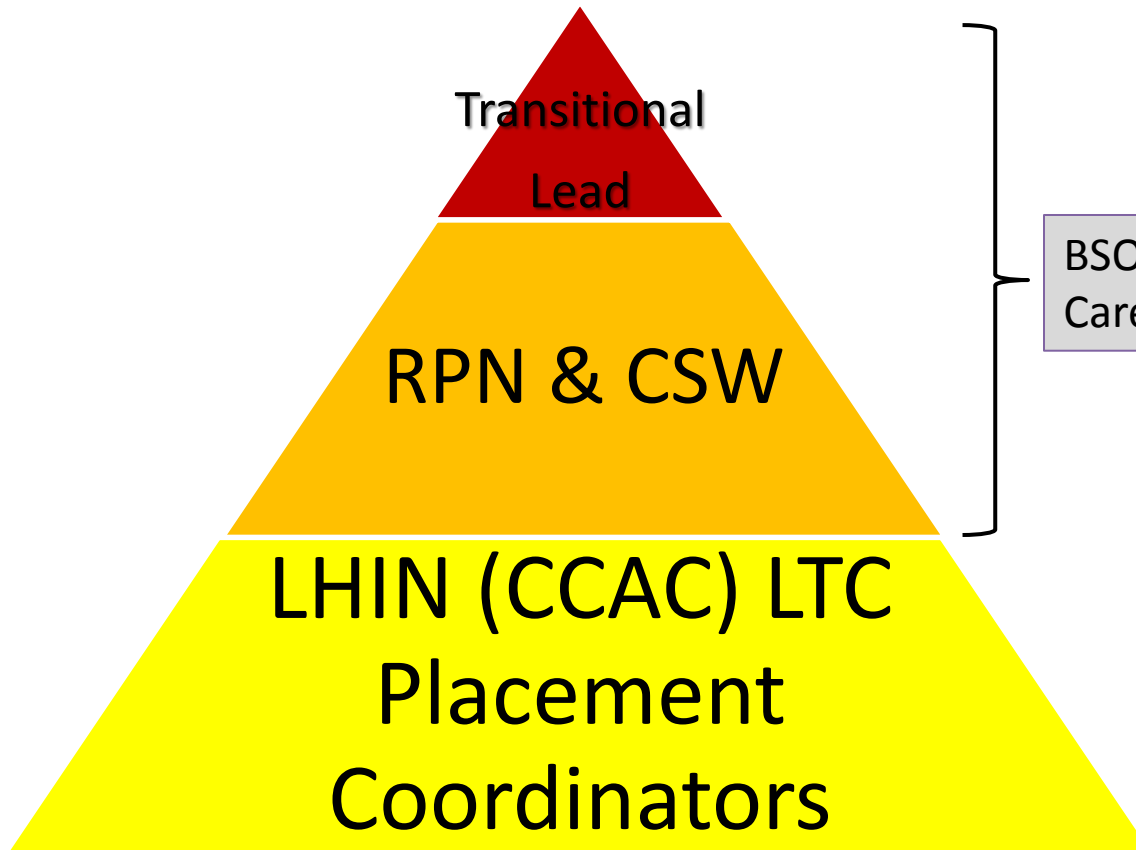
- Age, Diagnosis, MH, substance misuse hx
- Social & occupational history

Moderate Risk transition:

- Wandering
- Resisting care
- Increasing behaviours in last 90 days

Low Risk transition:

- Cognitive Impairment but no active RB (no referral to BSO LTC MT)

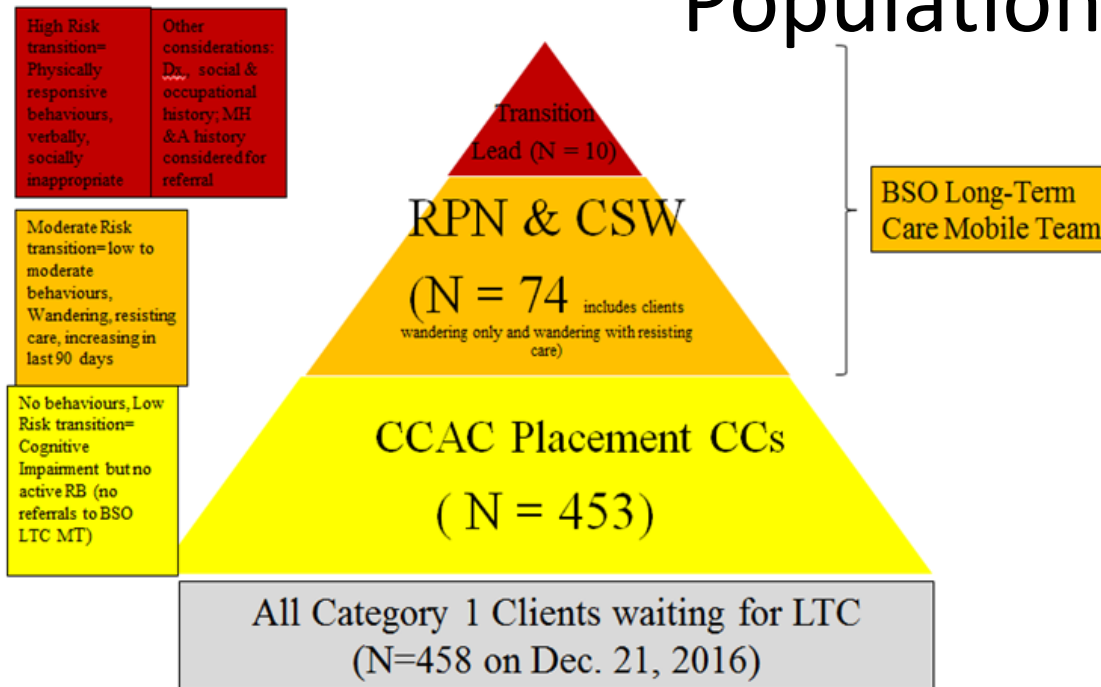


BSO Long-Term Care Mobile Team



Snapshot in Time of Target Client

Population



- Crisis Priority Ranking Score ≥ 3
- Category 1 in LTC placement
- Target clients for this type of support will be considered based on: Physical & Verbal Behaviours, Socially Inappropriate, Diagnosis, Age, Substance Abuse, Social/Occupational History
- Referrals will be provided by CCAC LTC Placement Coordinators but can be initiated by LTC Homes



Transition Support to LTCHs by BSO Programs

Low to moderate risk clients: BSO LTC Mobile Team

- Arrive day of admission or soon after
- Spend additional time supporting resident and family to ease transition into new home
- Complete “All about me” tool, as well as PIECES assessment
- Put a behavioural care plan in place and discharge 2-4 weeks post admission to LTC if no concerns noted

High risk clients: BSO Transitional Lead

- Start assessing and planning for transition weeks before admission
- Collaborate and learn what is working well from providers in community, primary and speciality care, and develop a behavioural plan
- Facilitate a ‘best match’ for resident with family, HNHB LHIN and LTC
- Support day of transition to LTC and minimum 6 weeks post-admission
- Intensive support offered by BSO LTC MT as determined in Transitional Care Plan

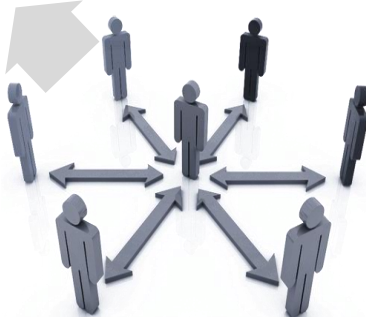


BSO Support for High Risk Transitions

Transitional Lead Role

FINAL Version

Pull in resources to stabilize client



Transitional Lead works with community, primary care, and specialist care providers



Transitional Care Plan (TCP) is developed and shared with LTC Homes



Ongoing communication with LTCH staff, LTC partners, resident/SDM

Engagement of BSO Mobile Team; intensive support for resident first 6 weeks post admission

Support to avoid "Transition out" of LTC

PRE-ADMISSION TO LTC (*minimum 2 weeks, max. 4 months)

POINT OF TRANSITION

POST-TRANSITION (minimum 6 weeks)

- Collaborate with client, family, SDM through face-to-face visits in the home from point of referral from CCAC
- Provide behavioural strategies to optimize client while waiting
- Collect medical, behavioural care plans, and other pertinent information from primary care, specialized geriatrics, health and social service partners, etc. who have supported the client and family in the community
- Conduct complex case conference with partners, ICL & LTC
- Analyze care plans, medical, cognitive, psycho-social, medication history to develop a collaborative "Transitional Care Plan" (TCP) that builds on clients' strengths
- Conduct on-site visit to LTC to discuss plan and prepare for admission

* Pre-Admission timelines are approximate

- Support transition to the greatest extent possible including support in the client's home (as needed/supported) on transition day, present for admissions at the LTC home
- LTC home aware of TCP, including medical, medications, and behavioural strategies
- Support for resident/family as required

- Electronic documentation of assessments, recommendations, progress notes each visit
- Ongoing communication with LTCH, LTC partners and resident/SDM
- Work with BSO LTC Mobile Team & LTC behavioural champion to test behavioural strategies in LTC setting; model successful strategies with LTC staff
- Transitional Lead attendance at 6 week admission family meeting
- Support to avoid transition out of LTC



How this new support may impact clients in community?

- While awaiting LTC bed offers:
 - TLs will work with community, outreach, ICL partners to support high risk clients and further support clients and families to receive intensive behavioural management before entering LTC
 - More pre-planning with LTC homes to ensure “best match”



Areas of Opportunity

- How can Transitional Leads work with your teams to collaboratively:
 - support the client while in community?
 - reduce risk of behaviours causing an avoidable ED visit/hospital admission?
 - ensure plans of care follow the client into LTC setting?



QUESTIONS?

